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we have to tell the program in the function <code>counthem()</code> where the edge occurs and where to search the next neighbour if the edge of the array has been reached. The extract below shows the scripting method to adjust to the wrapped edge. These lines need to be placed between the loops in <code>counthem()</code>, which look in the immediate topological neighbours for their state:

ii = i
If (i > row) Then ii = 0
If (i < 0) Then ii = row

jj = j
If (j > col) Then jj = 0
If (j < 0) Then jj = col

11 = 1
If (1 > level) Then 11 = 0
If (1 < 0) Then 11 = level

neighs = neighs + grid(ii, jj, 11).state</pre>

The variables ii, ii and ll are new function internal variables that serve as a substitute for the loop indeces i, j and l. Thus, we don't have to manipulate the indeces directly, which would lead to messing up the loops . You can see from the example above that in general the substitute variables take the value of the loop indeces. Only in the exceptional cases of detecting an index that doesn't exist in the array constituting the CA, will the loop index be replaced with either the highest value of the specific dimension of the array - that is either the maximum row value (1-dim), the maximum column value (2-dim) and/ or the maximum depth value (3-dim) - or with the lowest value of the specific dimension, which is 0 in all three dimensions.

If the loop index grows bigger than the array dimension, i.e. i > row, the substitute variable will be set to the minimum and thus considers the neighbour cell at the bottom/ left edge. If the loop index falls below the array

dimension, i.e. j < col, the substitute variable will be set to the maximum dimension and thus considers the neighbour cell at the top/right edge.

Exit

Exit is a function that lets you 'exit' a subprocedure, function, or any control statement, like a loop or a conditional. You will have to specify after the call to Exit what you want to get out of. So, in our example of the CA we want to exit an entire sub-procedure since we are really only looking for one element in the array. If we found it we don't want to look through the rest:

Sub newstate(...)

For i = 1 To row

For j = 1 To col

If (id = grid(i, j).id) Then

...

Exit Sub

End If

Next j

Next i

End Sub

We could of course also exit either the For Loop or the If statement; but then we would have to specify that accordingly after the 'Exit'!

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Mexico City sprawl

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